RUSSIA REPORT CARD

Top responses given by survey respondents.

Fraud	Percentage of respondents affected		4 9%	points above 2015	
	02	by fraud in the past 12 months.		equal to global average of 82%	
MOST COMMON TYPES OF FRAUD	Theft of physical a	assets or stock		38%	299
	Information theft, loss, or attack		33%	249	
	Vendor, supplier, or procurement fraud			26%	269
MOST COMMON PERPETRATORS	Junior employees of our own company			31%	399
	Freelance/temporary employees			28%	279
	Senior or middle management employees of our own company			22%	309
	Ex-employees			22%	279
	Vendors/suppliers (i.e., a provider of technology or services to your company)			19%	269
	Customers			19%	199
	Agents and/or intermediaries (i.e., a third party working on behalf of your company)			19%	27
MOST COMMON ANTI-FRAUD MEASURES	Information (IT security, technical countermeasures)			90%	829
	Management (management controls, incentives, external supervision such as audit committee)			79%	749
	Board of director engagement in cyber security policies and procedures			77%	75'
	Risk (risk officer and	d risk management system)		77%	78
MOST COMMON MEANS OF DISCOVERY	By a whistle-blow	ver at our company		41%	449
Cyber Security	82	Percentage of respondents that experienced a cyber incident in the past 12 months.	▼ 3%	points below gl average of 85%	lobal 6 Global
MOST COMMON TYPES OF CYBER INCIDENT	Email-based phisl	hing attack		33%	26
		corruption by malware or system issue		26%	22
	Insider theft of IP/trade secrets/R&D		18%	179	
	Lost equipment with sensitive data			18%	179
	Denial of service attack			18%	14
	Virus/worm infestation			18%	33'
MOST COMMON PERPETRATORS	Ex-employees			28%	20
MOST COMMON TARGET	Customer records			56%	51
	Employee records			34%	40
	Physical assets/money			28%	38
MOST COMMON PARTY TO CONTACT WHEN A CYBER NCIDENT OCCURRED	IT service vendor			31%	27'
Security	59	Percentage of respondents that experienced a security incident in the past 12 months.	▼ 9%	points below gl average of 68%	lobal 6 Global
MOST COMMON TYPES OF SECURITY INCIDENTS	Theft or loss of IP			38%	389
	Geographic and p	political risk (i.e., operating in areas of conflict)		21%	229
	Workplace violence			18%	239
MOST COMMON PERPETRATORS	Ex-employees			35%	239
RESPONDENTS ARE MOST	Workplace violence			18%	27
LIKELY TO FEEL HIGHLY VULNERABLE TO THE FOLLOWING SECURITY RISKS	Environmental risk (including damage caused by natural disasters such as hurricanes, tornadoes, floods, earthquakes, etc.)			8%	201
		Theft or loss of IP			
	Theft or loss of IP			8%	199